Boringdon Primary Progression of knowledge Summer Term 2 2024 Classes RT/RW Topic- Growing

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5 -	Week 6	Week 7
P S E D	I can name parts of the body. 1. My Body Large paper big enough Draw around a child onto paper. Using Post-it notes label as many parts of the body as possible including inside the body. Questions: Can you name different parts of the body? What does each part do? Why is it important?	I can tell you some things I can do and foods I can eat to be healthy. 2. Respecting My Body. Provide pictures of foods. Ask the children to sort them according to what is healthy and not so healthy for our bodies. What do we need to do to keep our body healthy and happy? Look through the pictures/objects and discuss how they were sorted.? Questions: What will happen if we eat less healthy food all the time? How would it make us feel? What do we need to do to keep healthy and happy?	I understand that we all grow from babies to adult. 3. Growing Up Read 'The Very Hungry Caterpillar'. Talk about how they have already changed from being a baby to now. Talk about visible features as well as abilities. Show the children the picture cards of different stages in life. Questions: Can they put them in the correct order? How will we change as we grow up? What will we be able to do that we can't do now? Ask the children what they are excited about being able to do when they grow up that they can't do now. How do we need to look after ourselves as we grow up?	I can express how I feel about moving to Year 1. 4. Fun and Fears Part 1 AExplain to children that they will soon be moving to a new class and that they may be feeling some of the emotions they have just acted out. Read story about worries and that the best thing to do is to share them. Tell the children that it is only natural to be feeling lots of different emotions. Questions: What are you excited about? Are you nervous about anything? Are you scared about anything? Set children a challenge to think about going next year.	I can talk about my worries and/or the things I am looking forward to about being in Year 1. Fun and Fears Part 2 Sit the children in a circle and tell the children that Jigsaw Jenie is feeling a little scared about Year 1 visit. Questions: Is there anything exciting about going to Year 1 that they can tell him about? Jigsaw Jack is in Year 1 waiting to meet them all. Ask the children to share some of the things they are excited about or worried about when they go to Year 1? Try to talk about some of the fears/ worries they may have and how to overcome them.	I can share my memories of the best bits of this year in Reception. 6. Celebration Ask the children to think about all the things we have achieved this year. What has been their favourite thing this year? Grown-ups share their favourite memory from the past year.	I can share my memories of the best bits of this year in Reception. Show the children the special box. Explain to them that this is a special box that holds all the wonderful memories of the last year. Pass the box round the circle and get the children to talk about their favourite thing of the last year and put it in the box. Questions: What has been your favourite thing this year? What have we achieved this year? What have you learnt to do?
	Self-Regulation Children to give focus and attention for longer periods of time. Managing Self Children identify different parts of their body. Building Relationships Children to develop relationships with other people on the playground.	Self-Regulation Children to give focus and attention for longer periods of time. Managing Self Children to identify what foods are healthy and not so healthy. Building Relationships Children to develop relationships with other people on the playground.	Self-Regulation Children to engage in activities giving focused attention independently. Managing Self Children to show independence in new activities. Building Relationships Children identify Year 1 staff.	Self-Regulation Children to engage in activities giving focused attention independently. Managing Self Children to show independence in new activities. Building Relationships Children to communicate with Year 1 staff.	Self-Regulation Children to reflect on the year and how they feel about it. Managing Self Children to be aware of what might worry them transitioning to year 1. Building Relationships Children to communicate with Year 1 staff.	Self-Regulation Children to set goals for Year 1. Managing Self Children to identify things we have achieved this year. Building Relationships Children to build relationships with Year 1 staff.	Self-Regulation Children to set goals for Year 1. Managing Self Children to identify things we have achieved this year. Building Relationships Children to build relationships with Year 1 staff.

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	7	Power of PE	Power of PE	Power of PE	Power of PE	Power of PE	Power of PE	Power of PE
l	١	I can react to basic	I can develop FUNdamentals	I can improve knowledge &	I can maintain balance whilst	I can control and balance a	I can develop my	I can develop my
'	١,	commands with a degree of	movement of Running, Jumping &	understanding through role	running, jumping & changing	bean bag.	FUNdamentals movement	FUNdamentals movement
1	/	consistency .Warm-up -	Stopping.	play Warm-up "An	direction Warm-up "An	Warm-up "An underwater	Throwing & Catching!	Throwing & Catching!
		"An underwater	.Warm-up - "An underwater	underwater adventure!":Ch to	underwater adventure! Ch to	adventure!":Ch to pretend	Ch to pretend underwater	Warm-up "An
:	`	adventure!": Pretend move	adventure!": Pretend move around	pretend underwater and move	pretend underwater and move	underwater and move around	and move around sea	underwater
i		around as sea creatures.	as sea creatures.	around sea creatures. Search	around sea creatures The	sea creatures. Find a	creatures. 3. 'The Snail	adventure!":Ch to pretend
		2. Shark attack! -Spread	2. Shark attack! -Spread out	for a pearl! - Split into teams	Dolphin derby! -Ch take on the	Sea-snake' -Old skipping	and the whale' children	underwater and move
١,	1	out plastic hoops. Children	plastic hoops. Children explore the	of 5 in one two teams will	role of dolphins. Lay out some	ropes cut into lots of	will take the role of the	around sea creatures. 3.
(3	explore the sea until shout	sea until shout Shark -Ch must run	compete find as many pearls as	obstacles for the children to	different sizes. Children move	Whale, give Snail a tour of	'The Snail and the whale'
l ı		Shark –Ch must run and	and stand inside a hoop only 3.	poss. For 'pearls' use something	jump over, lay them out in 4	round the playing area avoiding	the ocean. They attempt	children will take the role
		stand inside a hoop only 3.	After each Shark, Remove a hoop!	fits underneath a cone. Ch take	single file lines and split the	stepping on the ropes, adult	to carry balance the bean	of the Whale, give Snail a
)	After each Shark, Remove	Search for a pearl! - Split into	turns to run out and pick up a	class into 4 groups children	shouts 'Find a sea snake!' the	bag progress head, back	tour of the ocean. They
١,	2	a hoop! 3. Crabs like to	teams of 5 in one two teams will	cone and take it back to their	practice jumping 3. 'Find a	children must pick up a sea	hand. 3. Olly the juggling	attempt to carry balance
		line dance!	compete find as many pearls as	team. 3. The Dolphin derby!	Sea-snake' -Old skipping	snake Then compare to see	Octopus -Olly is very good	the bean bag progress
1	/	Ch act as crabs the	poss. For 'pearls' use something	-Ch take on the role of	ropes cut into lots of	who find the biggest sea	at throwing and catching	head, back hand. 3. Olly
	2	children must place their	fits underneath a cone. Ch take	dolphins. Lay out some	different sizes. Children move	snake! 3. 'The Snail and the	-he can do eight different	the juggling Octopus -set
		hands and feet on the	turns to run out and pick up a cone	obstacles for the children to	round the playing area avoiding	whale' children will take the	types of catching, set out	out 8 different catching
ı		floor, with legs bent and	and take it back to their team.	jump over, lay them out in 4	stepping on the ropes, adult	role of the Whale, give Snail a	8 different catching	stations Left the children
(,	facing forwards all the		single file lines and split the	shouts 'Find a sea snake!' the	tour of the ocean. They	stations Left the children	try each station,
		same side of the room		class into 4 groups. Let the	children must pick up a sea	attempt to carry balance on	try each station,	,,
ı	2	adult shouts directions		children practice jumping	snake TSports Day Practice	shoulders, Sports Day	,,	
1	n	'forward' 'Backwards'. 'Left'		(encourage jumping with 2 feet		Practice		
	2	& 'Right'		and landing with 2 feet)				
		Gross Motor	Gross Motor	Gross Motor	Gross Motor	Gross Motor	Gross Motor	Gross Motor
1	۱ ا	Develop pupil's ability to	Develop pupils object control	Develop pupils object control	Develop pupils object control	Develop pupils object control	Develop pupils object	Develop pupils object
1	-	move in a variety of ways.	(Stop & Slide moving to Throw &	(Stop & Slide moving to Throw	(Slide & under-arm throw to a	(Slide & under-arm throw to a	control & creativity.	control & creativity.
		Fine Motor	Catch).	& Catch).	target).	target).	Fine Motor	Fine Motor
		Paint/draw bodies of an	Fine Motor	Fine Motor	Fine Motor	Fine Motor	Create patterns/	Create patterns/
		appropriate size with some	Colour match to a specific colour	Paint/draw with detail (bodies	Draw/paint self-portraits,	Draw/paint self-portraits,	meaningful pictures when	meaningful pictures when
		extra details	and shade.	with sausage limbs and	landscapes and buildings.	landscapes and buildings.	printing and print with a	printing and print with a
		20,2		additional features).			variety of resources.	variety of resources.

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С	Listening, attention	Listening, attention and	Listening, attention and	Listening, attention and	Listening, attention and	Listening, attention	Listening, attention
0	and understanding	understanding	understanding Children will be able to have	understanding Listen to and talk about Jack	understanding Make predictions about what	and understanding Listen attentively and	and understanding Consider the listener and
m	Children to ask who, what, where guestions	Children will be able to talk about why things happen-	conversations with peers with	and Beanstalk story to build	might happen next in story.	respond to what they hear	takes turns to listen and
m	to find out about	changes in season from spring	back-and-forth exchanges	familiarity and understanding.	Make comments about what	with relevant questions,	speak in different
	growing topic.	to summer.	about topic.	Children answer 'how do you	they have heard and ask	comments about Greta,	contexts. Understand
u	Speaking	Speaking	Speaking	know' questions: "I wonder	questions to clarify thinking.	growing topic.	who, what, where and why
ni	Children be able to	Children will use new vocabulary	Children will talk in sentences using a range of tenses	why? Speaking	Speaking Children will speak clearly in	Speaking Use talk to help work out	questions. Speaking
С	organise their thoughts	linked to growing topic and explain	encouraging to use tier 2	Develop questioning such as	well-formed sentences with	problems and organise	Use conjunctions to
a	when answering who	in organised/ sequential steps with their partner how to plant a bean	vocabulary from Extraordinary	-What has happened? Why are	some detail. E.g., "I made a big	thinking and activities	extend and articulate
ti	questions.	using time connectives. First, then,	Gardner roamed, roaming etc.	they there? What might	pirate ship with a black and	linked to maths pattern	their ideas, join phrases
0		next.	Children to create storylines of their own.	happen next? '	white flag on the top" Articulate their ideas and	and relationships discussing strategies,	with words such as 'because', 'so', 'could'.
n			of their own.		thoughts in well-formed	Explain how things work	because, so, could.
 a					sentences.	and why they might	
_						happen.	
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L		s for their corresponding RWI text. necessary, a few exception words. So				ntences made up of words wi	th known letter-sound
	Read Write Inc	lecessary, a new exception words. So	uy a sound for each letter in the	aiphabei ana ai least 10 aigraph	is.		
	Ditty Group						
†	Red Group						
e	Green Group Purple Group						
	Pink Group						
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У	Communication	Communication	Communica	Communica	Communica	I	Communitari
L	Comprehension Read the story the	Comprehension Children will be able to answer	Comprehension Children will know that	Comprehension Children will identify the	Comprehension Demonstrate understanding of	Comprehension	Comprehension Demonstrate understanding

C y L Comprehension Read the story the Extraordinary Gardner ask question what is the problem? What would you do if...? / Would you rather...? r a C

Children will be able to answer questions about the Extraordinary Gardner and use tier two vocabulary from the book. Imagination, imagining, wild ordinary, roamed, roam, roams, roaming, soared (soar) longed

discovered.

Children will know that information can be retrieved from books. Look at non-fiction books and retrieve information for writing own fact sheet.

Children will identify the characters in Jack and the Beanstalk -heroes, villains,

Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and by retelling Jack and the Beanstalk in own words.

Children can share a favourite book with a peer .Children will sequence the story in the correct order.

Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories.

W r i t i n g	Children to write a caption to match the picture of a plant. Spell some irregular words.	Demo to children how to write instructions using numbers. Children to write instructions to tell a friend how to plant a bean. Children to write longer words that are spelt phonetically.	Children to recall information from non-fiction text to write own fact sheet about plants. Demo how to rehearse sentence and to check back and re-read through their work.	Demo how to write a character description about Jack. Children to write a wanted poster for the Giant.	Children to write own Jack and the story. Demo how to change parts of the story.	Children to write own Jack and the story. Demo how to change parts of the story	Summer poetry I see, I hear, I smell think about ambitious vocabulary choices.
M a t h s	White Rose Maths Sharing and Grouping Explore Grouping Grouping Even and odd sharing Play with and build doubles Equal opportunities to share fairly, recognise and make equal groups. Some quantities will share equally into 2 groups, and some won't. They may also notice that some quantities can be grouped into pairs, and some will have one left over. Double means 'Twice as many'. Build doubles using real life.	White Rose Maths How Many Now? Add more How many did I add? Take away How many did I take away? Focus on adding more using structure first, then, now mathematical stories. number stories where the 'then' part is missing, Can children say how many they have taken away? How many do they have left? challenge, provide children with 'first, then, now' number stories where the 'then' part is missing.	White Rose Maths Visualise, build and map Identify units of repeating patterns Create own pattern rules Explore own pattern rules Replicate and build scenes and constructions Children to draw out the unit of repeat. Develop a secure knowledge of pattern rules. reate and recreate repeating patterns beyond AB patterns	White Rose Maths Visualise, build and map Visualise from different positions Describe positions Give instructions to build Explore mapping Focuses on spatial reasoning. children to gain knowledge of how things can look from different viewpoints, developing their spatial awareness. Use spatial language, including following and giving directions. Children to describe position	White Rose Maths Visualise, build and map Represent maps with models Create own maps from familiar places Create own maps and plans from story situations Visualising from different perspectives. Discuss routes and locations, using words like 'in front of' and 'behind'. Children to interpret maps. children to make simple maps of familiar places.	White Rose Maths Making Connections Deepen understanding Patterns and relationship look at deepening this understanding through developing children's reasoning and problem-solving strategies. Encourage children to review and discuss their strategies. Opportunities to explore and investigate relationships between numbers, shapes and patterns	White Rose Maths Maths summer activities. Making patterns. Recap doubling, sharing, Use real objects to see that the quantity of a group can be changed by adding more. The first, then, now structure can be used to create maths stories in meaningful contexts.

Understand in 9th eWorld Pastand Present	Discuss with children what they know about growing and what they would like to find out about. Complete a KW grid with the children's inputs. Children to ask who, what, where questions to find out about growing topic.	To understand what plants need to grow. Explore school grounds and discuss changes taken place from spring to summer. Discus growing and how some things grow from seeds. What do they need to survive?	To learn and experience the 5 senses- seeing/ hearing/ smelling/ touching and tasting through science based activities. Tasting different flavours, salty plain crisps, sweet honey, sour lemon, bitter celery. Touch - Use a feely bag to feel a variety of textures and objects. Sight - blindfold the children and draw a picture of themselves. Remove blindfold and draw again. Smell - variety of things in jars, can you guess what it is?	Who is Greta Thunberg? Discuss that people can be famous for lots of different reasons. Have you heard of Greta Thunberg. Discuss that Greta is a significant person who is trying to help people to look after the planet.	What has Greta done in her life? Greta Thunberg started when she was still a teenager. Greta Thunberg was 'TIME' magazine's youngest person of the year. Greta Thunberg was nominated for the Nobel Peace Prize.	What is Greta's journey? Greta Thunberg continually speaks up for the younger generation Greta Thunberg founded Fridays for Future. She sailed from Plymouth to America on a solar-powered boat.	What has she done to make the world better? Discuss how she is raising awareness of climate change across the world, especially amongst young people.
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	Charanga- Reflect, rewind,	Charanga- Reflect, rewind, replay	Charanga - Reflect, rewind,	Charanga - Reflect, rewind,	Charanga - Reflect, rewind,	Charanga - Reflect,	Charanga - Reflect, rewind,
	replay	I can listen to and respond to	replay	replay	replay	rewind, replay	replay
	I can listen to and respond	music and perform. Reflect	I can explore high and low	I can sing nursery rhymes.	I can learn to sing nursery	I can share and	Following on from last week
	to music. Listen	Listen to Dance Of The Sugar	pitch. Listen and Appraise -	Listen and Respond	rhymes.	perform	how might we record our
	Listen and Appraise -	Plum Fairy by Tchaikovsky - a	Flight Of The Bumblebee by	Jupiter, The Bringer Of	Listen - Listen and Appraise -	Listen - Listen to Little	music using symbols to
Εl	William Tell Overture by	dance from his ballet. What can	Rimsky-Korsakov. Rewind and	Jollity by Holst is the fourth	Fantasia On A Theme By	Mermaid and appraise	represent the instruments
	Rossini - How old sdo you	you hear? How does it make you	Listen Out! We Are Family by	piece of music from The	Thomas Tallis by Ralph	music. How does it make	and beats? Children work in
×	think the music is? What can	feel? Tchaikovsky was a Russian	Sister Sledge. A listening	Planets Suite.	Vaughan Williams	you feel? What	small groups to compose
b	you hear? Does the music	composer. He was born in 1840 in	activity to remember	Composed by Gustav Holst	(early 20th Century)	instruments can you hear?	own underwater music and
	tell a story?	Russia. Rewind and Listen Out! A	songs, instruments and their	between 1914–1916. How does	Rewind and Listen Out! Frogs'	Compose- What	then preform to class.
r	Rewind and Listen Out!	listening activity to remember	sounds. Select the instruments	the music make you feel?	Legs And Dragons' Teeth by	instruments might we use	
e l	Celebration by Kool And The	instruments and their sounds. The	that you think you can hear.!	Rewind and Listen Out! Singing	Bellowhead. A listening	to create underwater	
_	Gang. A listening activity to	extract you will hear is Ganesh Is	The answer to the question	In The Rain sung by Gene	activity to remember songs,	music? Discuss	
s	rememberSongs, Ask the	Fresh by MC Yogi. The answer to	is: piano, bass, drums, electric	Kelly. A listening activity to	instruments and their sounds.	instruments and how we	
s l	children if they have heard	the question is:	guitar, keyboards, voices.	remember songs, instruments	Notes, violins, cellos,	might play them, Shake,	
.	it before.	drums, bass, sitar, voices, male	Compose with the Song Twinkle	and their sounds. Which of	trumpets, flutes, trombones.	bang, scrape etc. In small	
i	Which of the following can	rapper. Compose with the Song	Twinkle Little Star	the following can you hear in	Compose with the Song	groups work together and	
v I	you hear in this musical	Baa Baa Black Sheep		this musical extract?. The	Rock-A-Bye Baby	make music.	
v	extract?" Compose with the			answer voice, violins, cellos,			
e	Song Big Bear Funk			trumpets, flutes, trombones.			
a [To understand what	To test and make predictions for	To compare the uses of boats.	Have you ever been on a boat	To investigate how the shape	To design a boat. Explore,	Create a boat based on
~	waterproof means and to	which materials float or sink.	Use talk to help work out	or a ship? Why did you travel	and structure of boats	use and refine a variety of	their own design. Using
r	test whether materials are	Articulate their ideas and	problems and organise thinking	on a boat or ship? Where were	affects the way they move.	artistic effects to	pupils design ask them to
+	waterproof.	thoughts.	and activities, and to explain	you going, or what were you	Set up the different types of	express their ideas and	turn to the person next to
'	Tell or show the pupils that	Ask pupils if they can explain what	how thing work. 1. Using the	doing? Slide 3: Explain that	boats and containers. pupils	feelings. pupils are going	them and talk through the
s	you have set up a waterproof	floating and sinking mean. Can they	Presentation: All about boats,	boats and ships usually carry	explore the different boats	to be designing their own	materials they will need. As
&	material testing station next	give any examples of things that	discuss what boats are used	things across the water. They	and containers through play.	boats. Start the lesson by	they create, encourage
.	to the water tray. Their	may float and sink? Show pupils	for and look at the different	carry people, animals, other	Encourage them to think	playing the Activity: Boat	them to keep looking back
D	mission is to test and	the tray of items that you have	types of boats Slide 1: Talk to	vehicles and even food across	about: - if the container is	bingo cards game from	at their plan to see what
	discover which materials are	brought to test. Explain that they	the children about boats and	the world. There are lots of	waterproof. – if it floats well.	lesson 3. How many boat	they wanted their boat to
	waterproof and which are	are first going to make predictions	ships. A boat travels on water.	different types of boats. Ask	- if it is able to carry cargo or	features can they	look like and the materials
e							
s	not. Discuss how they could	about whether each object will	Ships also travel on water. A	children about the Queen	passengers (e.g. small world	remember? Briefly review	they hoped to use.
	do this - can any pupils	float or sink and then test their	Ships also travel on water. A ship is bigger than a boat.	Mary 2: Is it a big boat or a	figures) which floats the	what each different part	Encourage pupils to discuss
	,	float or sink and then test their theories. If it floats, what will we	•	Mary 2: Is it a big boat or a small boat? How do you know?	figures) which floats the best if they are able to	what each different part of the boat does. 2.	Encourage pupils to discuss problems and how they
s i	do this - can any pupils	float or sink and then test their theories. If it floats, what will we see? If it sinks, what will we see?	•	Mary 2: Is it a big boat or a small boat? How do you know? (Big, it has many windows that	figures) which floats the best if they are able to move smoothly or whether	what each different part of the boat does. 2. Discuss the fact that a	Encourage pupils to discuss problems and how they might be solved as they
	do this - can any pupils	float or sink and then test their theories. If it floats, what will we see? If it sinks, what will we see? Create a simple table on the	•	Mary 2: Is it a big boat or a small boat? How do you know? (Big, it has many windows that many people can look through.)	figures). – which floats the best. – if they are able to move smoothly or whether they tip over. Encourage them	what each different part of the boat does. 2. Discuss the fact that a boat has to float and be	Encourage pupils to discuss problems and how they might be solved as they arise. 4. When each pupil
s i	do this - can any pupils	float or sink and then test their theories. If it floats, what will we see? If it sinks, what will we see? Create a simple table on the board, writing down each object	•	Mary 2: Is it a big boat or a small boat? How do you know? (Big, it has many windows that many people can look through.) What do you think the Queen	figures). – which floats the best. – if they are able to move smoothly or whether they tip over. Encourage them to use the terminology in their	what each different part of the boat does. 2. Discuss the fact that a boat has to float and be made from waterproof	Encourage pupils to discuss problems and how they might be solved as they arise. 4. When each pupil has finished, ask them to
s i	do this - can any pupils	float or sink and then test their theories. If it floats, what will we see? If it sinks, what will we see? Create a simple table on the board, writing down each object name and then leaving a space next	•	Mary 2: Is it a big boat or a small boat? How do you know? (Big, it has many windows that many people can look through.) What do you think the Queen Mary 2 is for? (Moving people	figures). – which floats the best. – if they are able to move smoothly or whether they tip over. Encourage them to use the terminology in their play, for example: "Oh no! The	what each different part of the boat does. 2. Discuss the fact that a boat has to float and be made from waterproof material. Which container	Encourage pupils to discuss problems and how they might be solved as they arise. 4. When each pupil has finished, ask them to look over their design and
s i	do this - can any pupils	float or sink and then test their theories. If it floats, what will we see? If it sinks, what will we see? Create a simple table on the board, writing down each object name and then leaving a space next to it where you will write the pupils'	•	Mary 2: Is it a big boat or a small boat? How do you know? (Big, it has many windows that many people can look through.) What do you think the Queen Mary 2 is for? (Moving people across the ocean.) Do you	figures) which floats the best if they are able to move smoothly or whether they tip over. Encourage them to use the terminology in their play, for example: "Oh no! The captain has slipped over on the	what each different part of the boat does. 2. Discuss the fact that a boat has to float and be made from waterproof material. Which container was the most successful?	Encourage pupils to discuss problems and how they might be solved as they arise. 4. When each pupil has finished, ask them to look over their design and their finished model to see
s i	do this - can any pupils	float or sink and then test their theories. If it floats, what will we see? If it sinks, what will we see? Create a simple table on the board, writing down each object name and then leaving a space next	•	Mary 2: Is it a big boat or a small boat? How do you know? (Big, it has many windows that many people can look through.) What do you think the Queen Mary 2 is for? (Moving people	figures). – which floats the best. – if they are able to move smoothly or whether they tip over. Encourage them to use the terminology in their play, for example: "Oh no! The	what each different part of the boat does. 2. Discuss the fact that a boat has to float and be made from waterproof material. Which container	Encourage pupils to discuss problems and how they might be solved as they arise. 4. When each pupil has finished, ask them to look over their design and

a good boat.